

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, SEPTEMBER 8—
Last 24 hours' rainfall trace; temperature, max. 85;
min. 75; Weather, Moderate trades and fair weather

SUGAR—96° Test Centrifugals, 4.255 Cents
Per Ton, \$85.10; 88 Analysis Beets, 10s 9d; Per
Ton, \$86.40.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1904.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CZAR'S ARMY TO BE DIVIDED

LUSITANIA POLITICS

GIRDLES THE GLOBE

Opposing Factions Meet and Agree to Adjourn.

Washington Sends a Message Around World.

There was a meeting of the Portuguese Young Men's Republican Club last evening which after many motions had been made and failed, amendments added and withdrawn, wound up in a general adjournment and narrowly escaped ending in a row. As it was one prominent young Lusitanian trailed the tail of his coat around the room, metaphorically, and while absolutely spoiling for a fight, missed it, possibly because everyone had gone home.

Major Camara presided, the object of the meeting being to nominate a representative to the legislature to represent the Portuguese colony and vote, two hundred strong in all. At the outset there were hardly twenty-five registered voters scattered around the spacious limits of San Antonio Hall. Of these some seventeen were stalwart adherents of Manuel Pacheco, a young Lusitanian, who, himself present, is an ardent legislative candidate. The rest belonged to the Frank Andrade faction. It was a "packed meeting" with Pachecoites in force of numbers but not of political skill.

Major Camara opened the meeting by stating that there were originally three Richmonds in the field, Judge Antone Perry, Frank Andrade and Manuel Pacheco, but that Perry had spiked his own guns by refusing one plank of the platform, to wit, the County Act, and could not therefore be considered.

Voters dropped in from time to time, some too bashful to cross the threshold until some forty odd were present, with a Pacheco majority still in evidence. Then came motions thick and fast. It was shown that this was the third attempt to call the two hundred odd voters of the clubs together but that this, a twenty per cent turnout, was up to date, the biggest. Motions to refer the matter to the Portuguese delegates of the Fourth district were amended and lost as was a suggestion to refer the matter to a committee of three and finally a motion of Secretary A. H. R. Vierra's that the opinion of the majority be upheld by the minority brought Andrade and Marcellino to their feet in ardent protest and closed the meeting sine die. Mr. Vierra is said to be of Pachecoistic tendencies and it was thought that his resolution was a cunning plan to the Andrade hand-and-foot in case a majority vote of the Pachecoists should appoint him as a choice.

Marcellino objected vigorously. "I refuse to accept the majority decision whatever the vote on this resolution," said he. "Why if such a resolution went through," said Andrade, "and the man chosen be not the choice of the District Committee, any man in the majority would be bound by such an insane motion to refuse any post that he might be offered by the district committee."

"I move we adjourn," said Marcellino. And they did, sine die.

A wavy dash, a click of a key and an important round the world signal had passed through the local cable office last night. Barely two seconds before, this signal had been dispatched from Washington, D. C., thousands of miles away, and in an almost instantaneous space of time it had sped on to Hawaii, past the keenly watching operators at Midway Island, around the deepest sink in the world's oceans, Nero Hole, past Guam, Manila, Singapore, Saigon, Colombo, through the Red Sea, the Mediterranean, via the Azores and back again to Washington—the whole journey occupying such a short time that the man who touched the key in Washington had barely time to light a cigar match after sending the message, when the telegraph instruments registered the return signal. And all the way around this message caused a rumour, set all sorts of scientific men thinking and figuring, and in the end gave great satisfaction for it was a true test of Father Time. The signal told one and all that it was midnight at the Naval Observatory in the capital city of the United States of America and that an international gathering of scientific men there had played its little joke.

Owing to the way the sun journeys around the globe this message, started from Washington at just midnight reached San Francisco as the clocks of the western metropolises were counting the hour of nine and struck Honolulu at the half hour after six o'clock in the evening, and—

"What time is it now, at 6:30 here, when this message is at Guam?" was asked of Mr. Gaines.

"It is about two-thirty tomorrow afternoon there," said Mr. Gaines, "a day is mixed up in the shuffle between Honolulu and Guam."

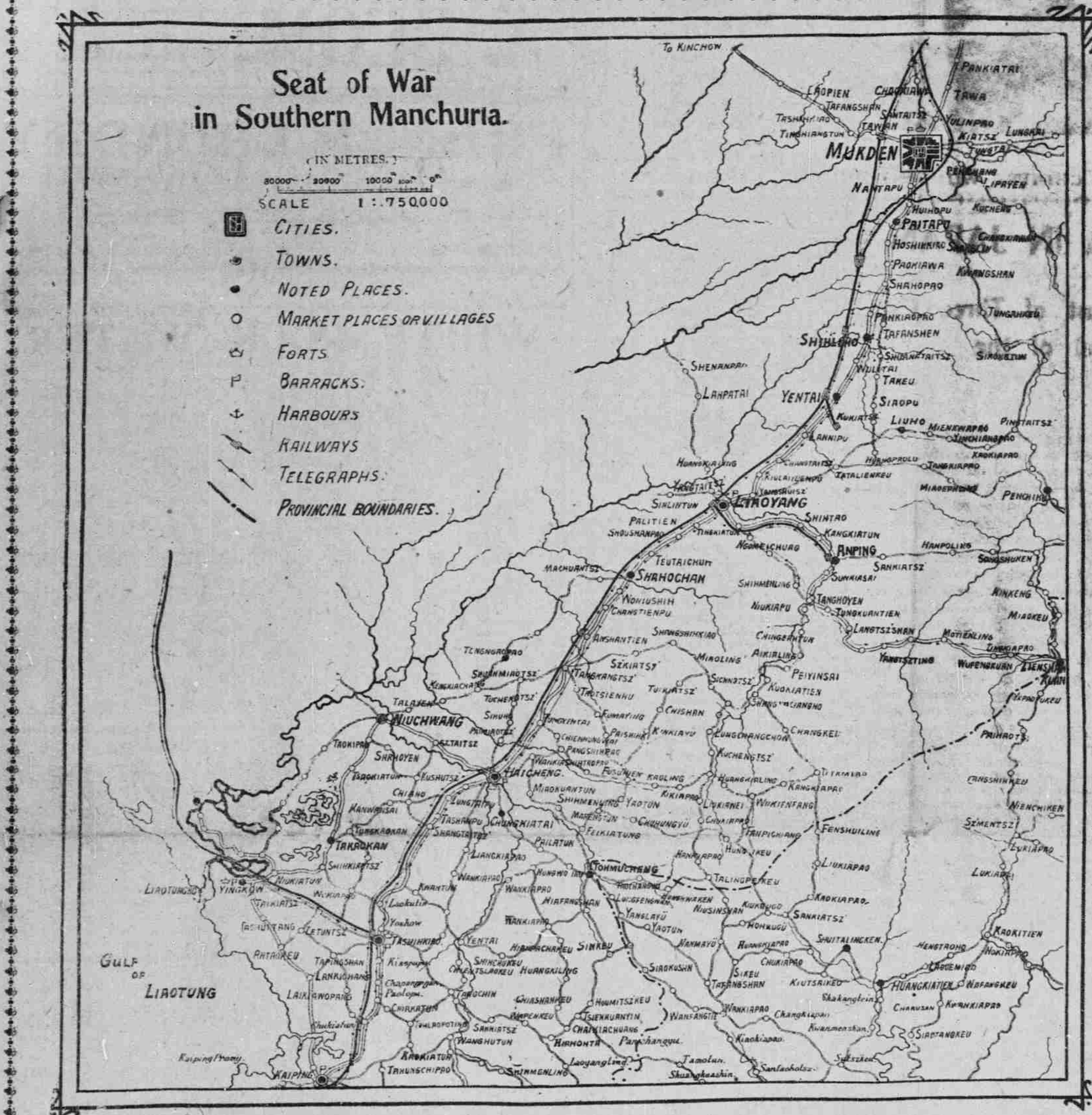
"If you lose a day every day between here and Guam you must lose a good many days in the course of a year?"

Mr. Gaines was too busy to answer this question of an unscientific man.

In addition to Mr. Gaines and the cable staff, Captain Niblack, of the Naval Station, Prof. W. D. Alexander, F. E. Harvey, of the Territorial Survey Department, and Mr. Redhouse were gathered at the cable office last evening shortly after six o'clock for the "signal function," each with his chronometer in hand. The chronometers gave the local time, as determined by Mr. Wall and his associates in the office of the Territorial Survey and their object in meeting was to see if their work corresponded with that done in the Naval Observatory in Washington.

The Eighth International Geographic Congress was in session in Washington yesterday and the Naval Observatory, as a compliment, had arranged to send a signal around the world, at midnight, Washington time. Ten minutes prior

(Continued on page 3.)



Kuropatkin Will be Commander in Chief--Rain Impedes the Campaign.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 9.—The Russian army is to be divided into two armies under Generals Linevitch and Kaulbars, with Kuropatkin as commander-in-chief. Wirenius has been promoted to the rank of Rear Admiral to succeed Prince Ouktomsky at Port Arthur.

In the sortie made by the Russian fleet from Port Arthur on August 10th, Admiral Witthoft, commander of the squadron was killed. The command then devolved upon Rear Admiral Prince Ouktomsky. A portion of the Russian fleet escaped and proceeded to various ports in China but Ouktomsky ordered the battleship squadron to return to Port Arthur. The vessels, with the exception of the Csarevitch, which went to Tsingchow, obeyed his command and Ouktomsky's efforts to get the fleet out of Port Arthur since that time has been frustrated by the Japanese. A recent dispatch stated that the Prince would be court-martialed for returning his fleet to Port Arthur.

KUROPATKIN AT MUKDEN.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 9.—Gen. Kuropatkin reports that his entire army has arrived at Mukden.

CZAR INSPECTS BALTIC FLEET.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 9.—The Czar has inspected the fleet at Cronstadt.

RAINS IN WAR ZONE.

MUKDEN, Sept. 9.—Rains are hindering both armies and interfering with some interesting movements in the direction of Tieling.

Tieling, where "interesting movements" may take place, is a

small city thirty miles north of Mukden, on the railway line. The city is located at a point where both the Liao river and the railway line run northward through a valley which is skirted on each side by extensive mountain ranges. A strong defense of this valley would hinder Japanese pursuit in case the Russians should retire further northward from Mukden.

ANTI-JEWISH DISTURBANCES.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 9.—There are rumors of anti-Jewish disturbances in southwestern Russia.

AFTERNOON REPORT.

WEI HAI WEI, Sept. 8.—Heavy firing at Port Arthur is heard here today.

CHEFOO, Sept. 8.—The Japanese are again preparing for an assault on Port Arthur.

MUKDEN, Sept. 8.—An unconfirmed report was received here today that General Kuroki, commanding the Japanese forces, has been killed.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 8.—There is a lull in the fighting with Kuropatkin's army. The Russian forces may make a stand at Tie Pass, north of Mukden.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 8.—General Kuropatkin lost 17,000 men in the fighting at Liaoyang. He reports that he lost no guns. He is continuing his retreat.

END OF CHICAGO STRIKE.

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—The strike of the meat-packers has been called off. The employers are victorious.

NEW GOLF CHAMPION.

SHORTHILLS, Canada, Sept. 9.—Ormiston has defeated W. A. Travis, the golf champion.

EDITORS VISIT PARKER.

ESOPUS, N. Y., Sept. 9.—Two hundred editors visited Judge Parker yesterday.

REPUBLICANS AND HOME RULERS IN WEST HAWAII

(Wireless Special to Advertiser.)

KAILUA, Sept. 8.—The West Hawaii Republican District Convention today endorsed J. L. Brown of Hilo and named George Hewitt of Kau as the party nominees for Senator from Hawaii. The choice was unanimous. Kamaooha, a candidate, retired from the race and made a nominating speech for Hewitt.

HOME RULERS MEET.

Notley, Kalanokalani and Kumalae held a large meeting here today. Kumalae showed pictures of Tom Johnson, the independent campaigner in Ohio and declared that Johnson was the supreme head of Home Rule in the United States. The natives were much impressed.

OVATION TO JACK.

Secretary Atkinson had a great send-off when he left today for Lahaina. Even Maunaloa turned up, smoke again rising from its summit.

A. P. TAYLOR.